

IMPROVED recombinant protein

#### **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

# DNase I, RNase-free

**#EN0521** 1000 u

**Lot:** Expiry Date:

Concentration: 1 u/µl

Supplied with: 1 ml of 10X Reaction Buffer with MgCl<sub>2</sub>

1 ml of 50 mM EDTA

Store at -20°C

In total 3 vials.



### **Description**

DNase I is an endonuclease that digests single- and double-stranded DNA. It hydrolyzes phosphodiester bonds producing mono- and oligodeoxyribonucleotides with 5'-phosphate and 3'-OH groups.

The enzyme activity is strictly dependent on Ca<sup>2+</sup> and is activated by Mg<sup>2+</sup> or Mn<sup>2+</sup> ions:

- in the presence of Mg<sup>2+</sup>, DNase I cleaves each strand of dsDNA independently, in a statistically random fashion (1);
- in the presence of Mn<sup>2+</sup>, the enzyme cleaves both DNA strands at approximately the same site, producing DNA fragments with blunt ends or with one or two nucleotide overhangs (1).

# **Applications**

- Preparation of DNA-free RNA (1).
- Removal of template DNA following *in vitro* transcription (1), *see* protocol on reverse page.
- Preparation of DNA-free RNA prior to RT-PCR and RT-qPCR (2), see protocol on reverse page.
- DNA labeling by nick-translation in conjunction with DNA Polymerase I (1), see protocol on reverse page.
- Studies of DNA-protein interactions by DNase I, RNase-free footprinting (1).
- Generation of a library of randomly overlapping DNA inserts. Reaction buffer containing Mn<sup>2+</sup> is used (3).

#### Source

*E.coli* cells with a cloned gene encoding bovine DNase I.

# **Molecular Weight**

29 kDa monomer.

# **Definition of Activity Unit**

One unit of the enzyme completely degrades 1 µg of plasmid DNA in 10 min at 37°C.

Enzyme activity is assayed in the following mixture: 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5 at 25°C), 2.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.1 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 µg of pUC19 DNA. One DNase I unit is equivalent to 0.3 Kunitz unit (4).

# **Storage Buffer**

The enzyme is supplied in: 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 10 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub> and 50% (v/v) glycerol.

# 10X Reaction Buffer with MgCl,

100 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5 at 25°C), 25 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 mM CaCl<sub>a</sub>.

### **Inhibition and Inactivation**

- Inhibitors: metal chelators, transition metals (e.g., Zn) in millimolar concentrations, SDS (even at concentrations less than 0.1%), reducting agents (DTT and β-mercaptoethanol), ionic strength above 50-100 mM.
- Inactivated by heating at 65°C for 10 min in the presence of EGTA or EDTA (use at least 1 mol of EGTA/EDTA per 1 mol of  $Mn^{2+}/Mg^{2+}$  (5)).

#### **Note**

DNase I is sensitive to physical denaturation. Mix gently by inverting the tube. Do not vortex.

### **QUALITY CONTROL ASSAY DATA**

### **Ribonuclease Assav**

No degradation of RNA was observed after incubation of 5 units of DNase I with 160 ng RNA in 20 µl of reaction buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5 at 25°C), 2.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.1 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>) for 4 hours at 37°C.

**Quality authorized by:** 



Jurgita Zilinskiene

(continued on reverse page)

### **Removal of genomic DNA from RNA preparations**

1. Add to an RNase-free tube:

RNA	1 μg
10X reaction buffer with MgCl <sub>2</sub>	1 μΙ
DNase I, RNase-free (#EN0521)	1 μl (1 u)
DEPC-treated Water (#R0601)	to 10 μl

- 2. Incubate at 37°C for 30 min.
- 3. Add 1 µl 50 mM EDTA and incubate at 65°C for 10 min. RNA hydrolyzes during heating with divalent cations in the absence of a chelating agent (5). Alternatively, use phenol/chloroform extraction.
- 4. Use the prepared RNA as a template for reverse transcriptase.

#### **Note**

- Do not use more than 1 u of DNase I, RNase-free per 1 μg of RNA.
- Volumes of the reaction mixture and 50 mM EDTA solution can be scaled up for larger amounts of RNA. The recommended final concentration of RNA is 0.1 μg/μl.
- RiboLock<sup>™</sup> RNase Inhibitor (#E00381), typically at 1 u/µl, can also be included in the reaction mixture to prevent RNA degradation.

# Removal of template DNA after in vitro transcription

- 1. Add 2 u of DNase I, RNase-free per 1 µg of template DNA directly to a transcription reaction mixture. In some cases, the amount of enzyme should be determined empirically.
- 2. Incubate at 37°C for 15 minutes.
- 3. Inactivate DNase I by phenol/chloroform extraction.

### **DNA labeling by nick-translation**

1. Mix the following components:

10X reaction buffer for DNA Polymerase I	2.5 µl
Mixture of 3 dNTPs, 1 mM* each	1.25 µl
(without the labeled dNTP)	1.20 μι
$[\alpha^{-32}P]$ -dNTP,	1.85-3.7 MBq
~110 TBq/mmol (3000 Ci/mmol)	(50-100 μCi)
DNase I, RNase-free	1 u
freshly diluted to 0.002 u/µl**	
DNA Polymerase I (#EP0041)	0.5-1.5 μl (5-15 u)
Template DNA	0.25 μg
Water, nuclease-free (#R0581)	to 25 µl

- 2. Immediately incubate at 15°C for 15-60 min.
- 3. Terminate the reaction by adding 1  $\mu$ I of 0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0 (#R1021).
- Take an aliquot (1 μl) to determine the efficiency of label incorporation. A specific activity of at least 10<sup>8</sup> cpm/μg DNA is expected.

#### Note

- The labeled DNA can be purified from the unincorporated labelled dNTPs using GeneJET<sup>™</sup> PCR Purification Kit (#K0701).
- \* To prepare a mixture of 3 non-labeled dNTPs (1 mM of each), mix 1 µl aliquots of stock solutions of each dNTP (100 mM, from #R0181) with 97 µl of Water, nuclease-free (#R0581). Store at -20°C.
- \*\* DNase I, RNase-free can be diluted with 1X reaction buffer for DNA Polymerase I: 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5 at 25°C), 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> and 1 mM DTT.

### References

- 1. Sambrook, J., Russell, D.W., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, the third edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, 2001.
- 2. Kienzle, N., et al., DNase I treatment is a prerequisite for the amplification of cDNA from episomal-based genes, BioTechniques, 20, 612-616, 1996.
- 3. Anderson, S., Shotgun DNA sequencing using cloned DNase I-generated fragments, Nucleic Acids Res., 9, 3015-3027, 1981.
- 4. Kunitz, M., J.Gen.Physiol., 33, 349-362, 1950.
- 5. Wiame, I., et al., Irreversible heat inactivation of DNase I without RNA degradation, BioTechniques, 29, 252-256, 2000.

#### **PRODUCT USE LIMITATION.**

This product is developed, designed and sold exclusively *for research purposes and in vitro use only.* The product was not tested for use in diagnostics or for drug development, nor is it suitable for administration to humans or animals. Please refer to www.fermentas.com for Material Safety Data Sheet of the product.